NKJ Colossians 4:15 Greet the brethren who are in Laodicea, and Nymphas and	the			
church that is in his house.				
BYZ <b>Colossians 4:15</b> 'Ασπάσασθε τοὺς ἐν Λαοδικείᾳ ἀδελφοὺς καὶ Νύμφαν καὶ τὴν κατ οἶκον αὐτοῦ ἐκκλησίαν	,			
The command: ""				
<ul> <li>Greet – greet, salute, welcome, express good wishes.</li> </ul>				
• Acts 18:22, 20:1, 21:19, 21:6, 21:7, 21:19				
This word, outside the gospels and Acts is used in the closir      Acts is used in the cl				
chapters of epistles (Romans, 1 and 2 Corinthians, Philippia Colossians, 1 and 2 Timothy, Titus, Philemon, Hebrews, 1	ırıs			
Peter, and 2 and 3 John).				
• Hebrews 11:13.				
Greet assumes some things:				
<ul> <li>A commonality in – See verse 16</li> </ul>				
o An: They had to meet each other.				
I. A Specific: Laodicea				
A. Brethren – this deals with the relationsh	ip.			
Romans 9:25-26, Galatians 3:26	•			
The factor which makes someone a brother or sister in Ch	ris			
is their faith. It is not their location, the church they are				
members of, or the interests they have in common. It is the	neir			
belief in Jesus Christ.				
B. In Laodicea – a neighboring				
Colossians 2:1-3, 4:13-16, Revelation 1, 3.				
Laodicea was about 10 miles from Colosse. While this				
seems close to us (many of us have traveled further today), this would have been a couple of hours (at least) traveling b				
foot.	~,			
II. Specific: Nymphas				
A. Only place we see him (or her)				
B. Name means – from				
<ul><li>νυμφη, numphe – "" or</li></ul>				
• νυμφον, numphon – "" or				
<ul> <li>νυμφιος, numphios – ""</li> </ul>				

	C.	He	hos	sted an	in his house.		
		1.	Не	was a home _	·		
			•	He had suffici	ent means		
			•	He may have	even had slaves (Chapter3)		
		2.	He		his home to the assembly.		
			•	7.	to do home could have held le. A large villa could have		
II. A Specific: The assembly in h house					_: The assembly in his		
	<ul><li>A. Church – – a group of believe who gathered together.</li></ul>						
		•	The	e church is a g	oup who met		
			Acts 2:42 And they continued steadfastly in the apostles' doctrine and fellowship, in the breaking of bread, and in prayers.				
			1)	For was probably	– the letter from Paul read to all.		
			2)	For 16.	– Ephesians 4:12-		
			3)	For praying togeth	– there is a time for er.		
	В.	In I	nis _		_• <b>·</b>		
		He	bre	ws 10:24-25			

## How should we act:

- 1. We have a commonality with those of like faith. We should greet them, encourage them, and at times even learn with them.
- 2. Our primary commitment should be to the local body. While we celebrate our commonality with others, the Bible still focuses on the "assembling of ourselves together."